SAS-547
Biconical Antenna
Operation Manual

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INTRODUCTION

The A.H. Systems SAS-547 Biconical antenna operates efficiently over the frequency range of 1 GHz to 18 GHz. Compact in size, this Biconical Antenna is an ideal solution for broadband and Omni-directional requirements.

OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT

The following is a recommend accessory list for the SAS-547 Biconical Antenna:

CONNECTING ACCESSORIES:

SAC-18G-3

Low-Loss 3 meter N(m) to N(m) RF cable. Other cable types available upon request.

Adapters

Need an Adapter? We stock those as well.

MOUNTING ACCESSORIES:

AEH-510

Azimuth and elevation head to assist the test engineer in orientating biconical antenna at the device under test.

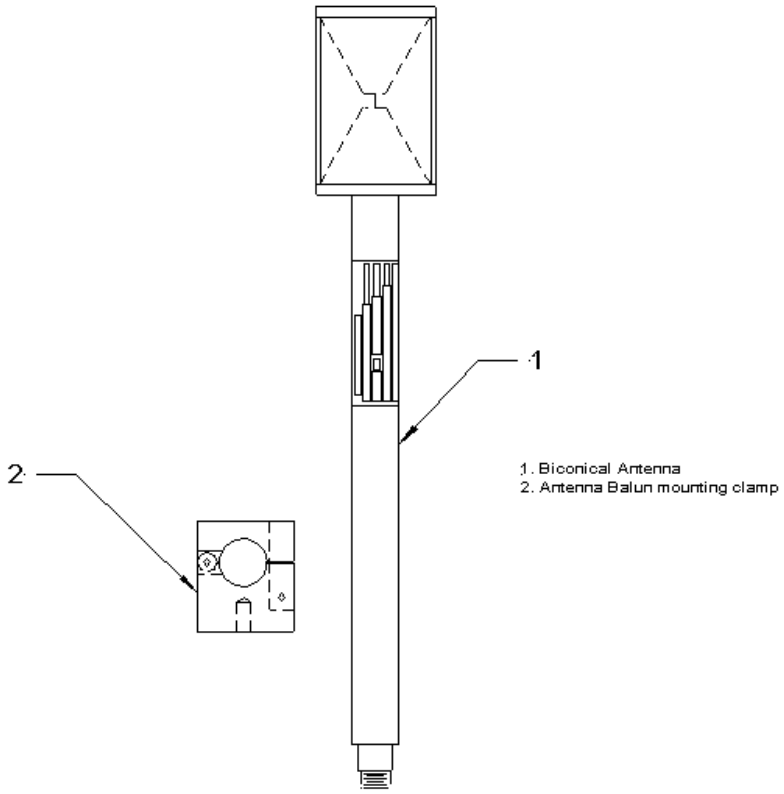
ATU-510

Each tripod leg is independently adjustable in angle and length to facilitate antenna height setting. The tripod legs have a rubber tip on one end for indoor or hard surface use, and a metal spike on the other end for outdoor soft surface (such as dirt) use.

INTENDED PURPOSES

The Biconical antenna is intended for general laboratory use in a wide variety of industrial and scientific applications and has been designed to be used in the process of generating, controlling and measuring high levels of electromagnetic Radio Frequency (RF) energy. It is the responsibility of the user to assure that the device is operated in a location which will control the radiated energy such that it will not cause injury and will not violate regulatory levels of electromagnetic interference.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS



ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

The SAS-547 Biconical Antenna is shipped completely assembled.

MOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS

The SAS-547 biconical antenna is supplied with an ABC-B Balun mounting clamp. The ABC-B has a 1/4-20 mounting holes on the base of the clamp.

Attach the antenna to the ABC-B mounting clamp, azimuth and elevation head (AEH-510) through the screw hole in the antenna base. The azimuth and elevation head (AEH-510) mounts to the tripod (ATU-510) top and allows the antennas to be rotated 360 degrees and tilted between horizontal and vertical polarization. Each tripod leg is independently adjustable in angle and length to facilitate antenna height setting. The tripod legs have a rubber tip on one end for indoor or hard surface use, and a metal spike on the other end for outdoor soft surface (such as dirt) use.

For repeatable/reliable testing, orientate the biconical antenna so that the nameplate is always facing the direction that the received signal is coming from. Mount the antenna as pictured in *illustration 1* for vertical/omnidirectional testing. Rotating the antenna 90 degrees so that the antenna is parallel to the ground for horizontal testing. The horizontal beamwidth of the biconical antenna is approximately 60 degrees and the nameplate should be pointed or aimed in the direction that the received signal is coming from.

Illustration 1

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

Once the antenna is mounted to a mast or tripod, connect an N-type coaxial cable from the antenna to a receiver. The cable should be matched to 50 ohms, relatively low loss and adequately shielded against leakage such as RG-214/U or better.

The Biconical Antenna is in the horizontal polarization when the antenna elements are parallel to the ground, and vertical polarization when the elements are perpendicular to the ground.

To minimize impedance mismatch errors, it is recommended that high-quality in-line attenuators be used to reduce reflections. Connect the attenuator at the antenna end of the transmitting cable, or when receiving connect the attenuator at the measuring instrument or preamplifier input.

Dress the cables straight back from the antenna connector at least 1 meter before being dressed vertically down to the ground plane. Signal cables that are dressed orthogonal to the antenna elements will have minimal coupling to the antenna field, but the cable shields may carry external currents caused by impedance imperfections. Also, portions of the cables that are not straight down or straight back will couple to the antenna fields.

SPECIFICATIONS

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Frequency Range	1 GHz – 18 GHz
Antenna Factor	30 to 60 dB/m
Antenna Gain	-10 to 4 dBi
Impedance (nominal)	50Ω
Average VSWR	2.0:1 typ.
Maximum Continuous Power	50 Watts
Connector	N-Type (female)
Mounting	1/4-20 (female)

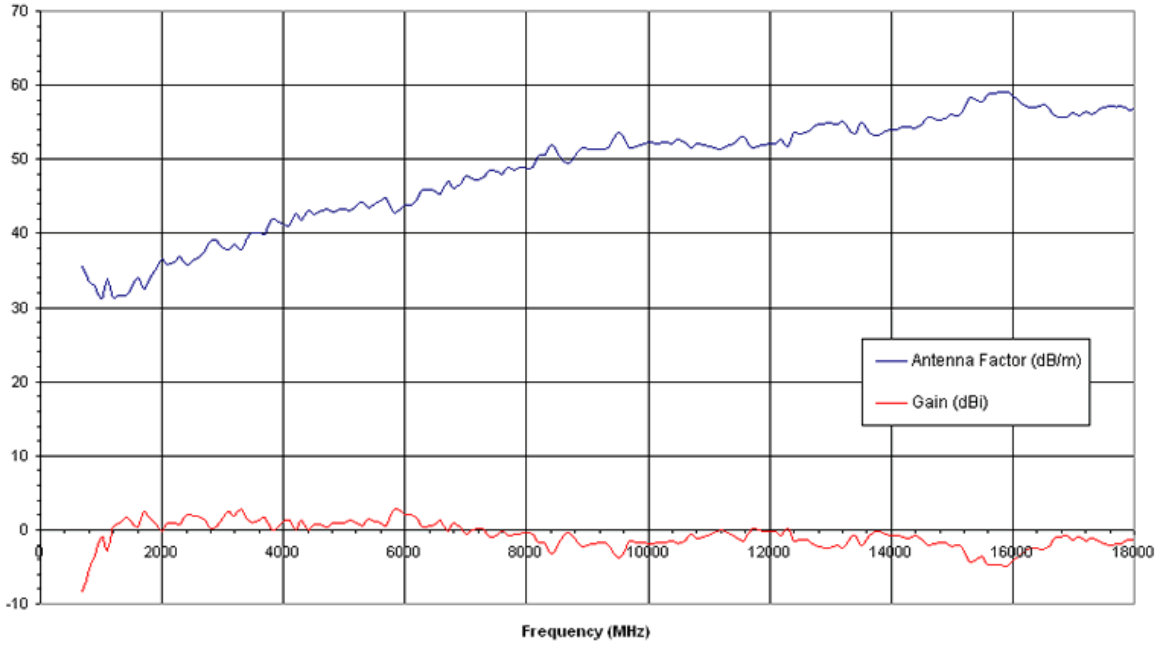
PHYSICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Weight	1 lbs. *(454 g)*
Size (W x H)	2.25" x 14.25" (6cm x 36cm)

TYPICAL DATA

A.H. Systems Inc.
9710 Cozycroft Ave. Chatsworth, CA 91311
Phone (818) 998-0223 Fax (818) 998-6892
E-mail: sales@A.H.Systems.com
Web site: http://www.AHSystems.com

Biconical
Antenna Data
Model: SAS-547



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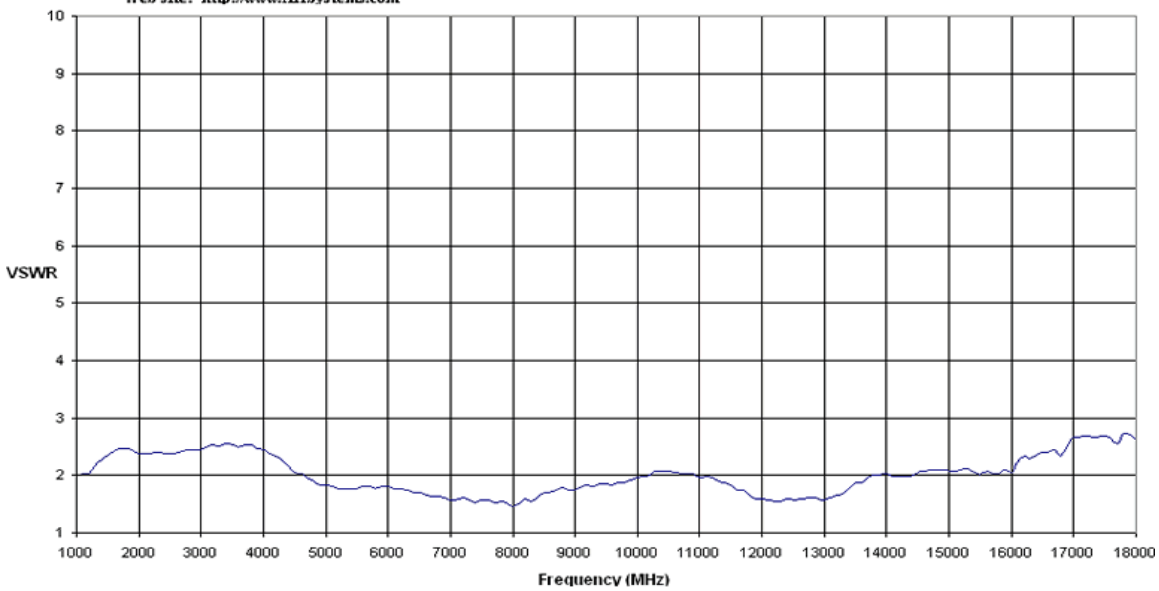
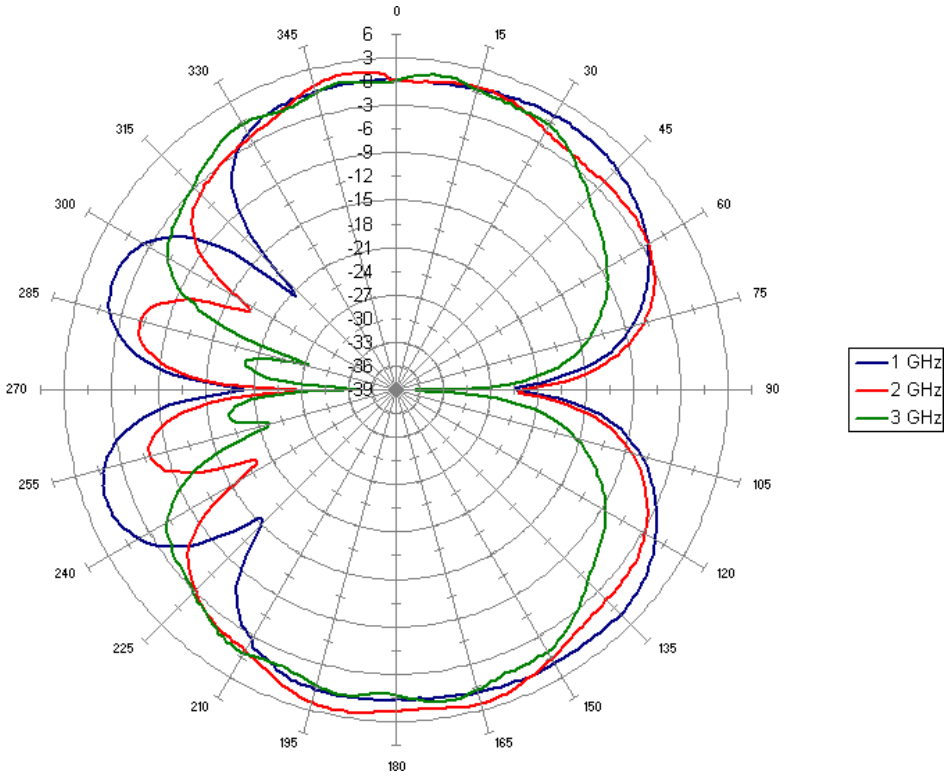
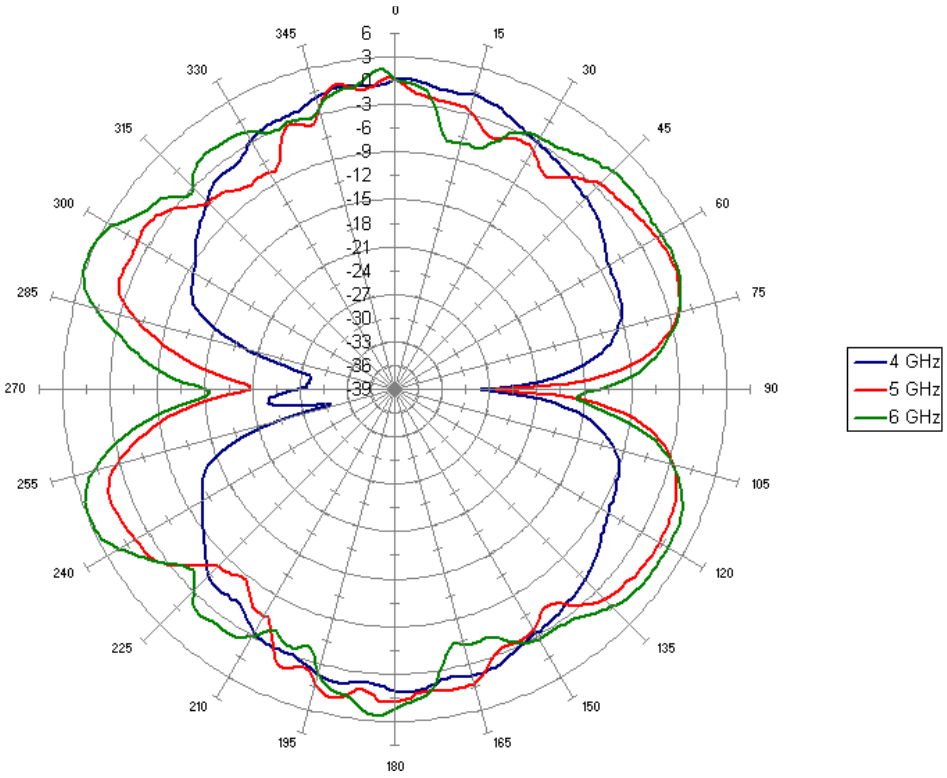
Antenna VSWR
Model: SAS-547



Horizontal
Antenna Beamwidth
Model: SAS-547



Horizontal
Antenna Beamwidth
Model: SAS-547



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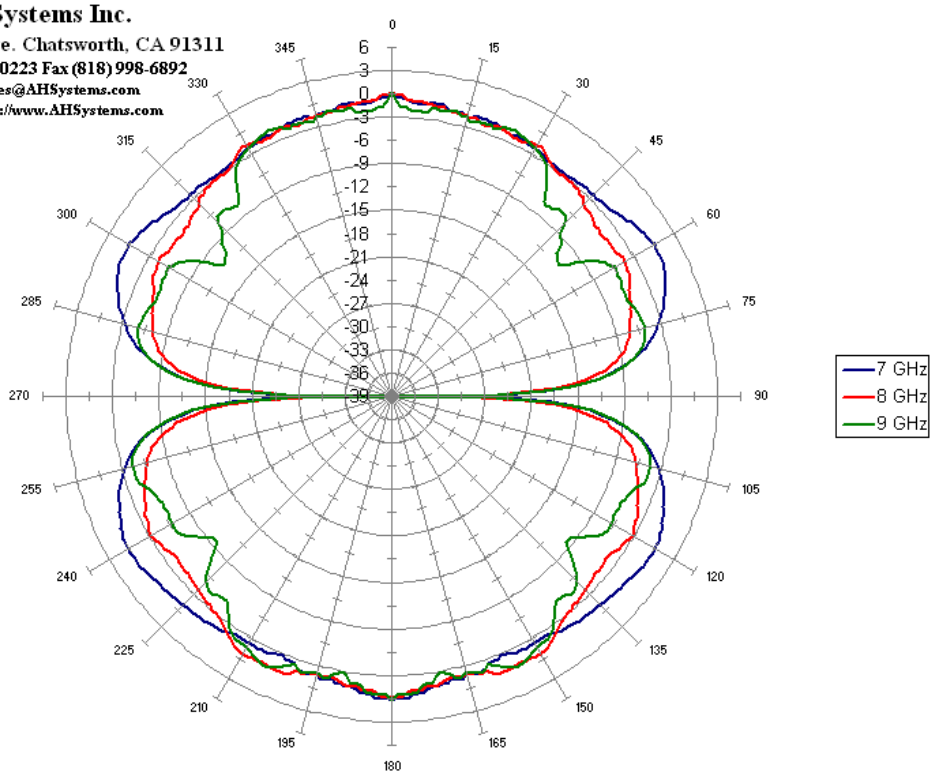
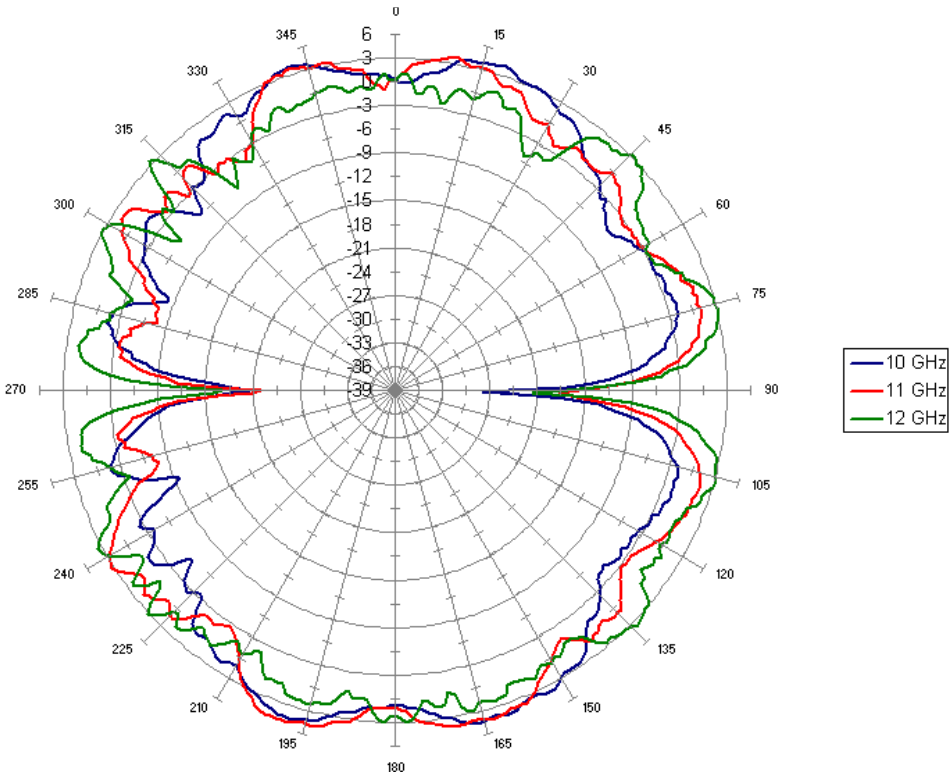
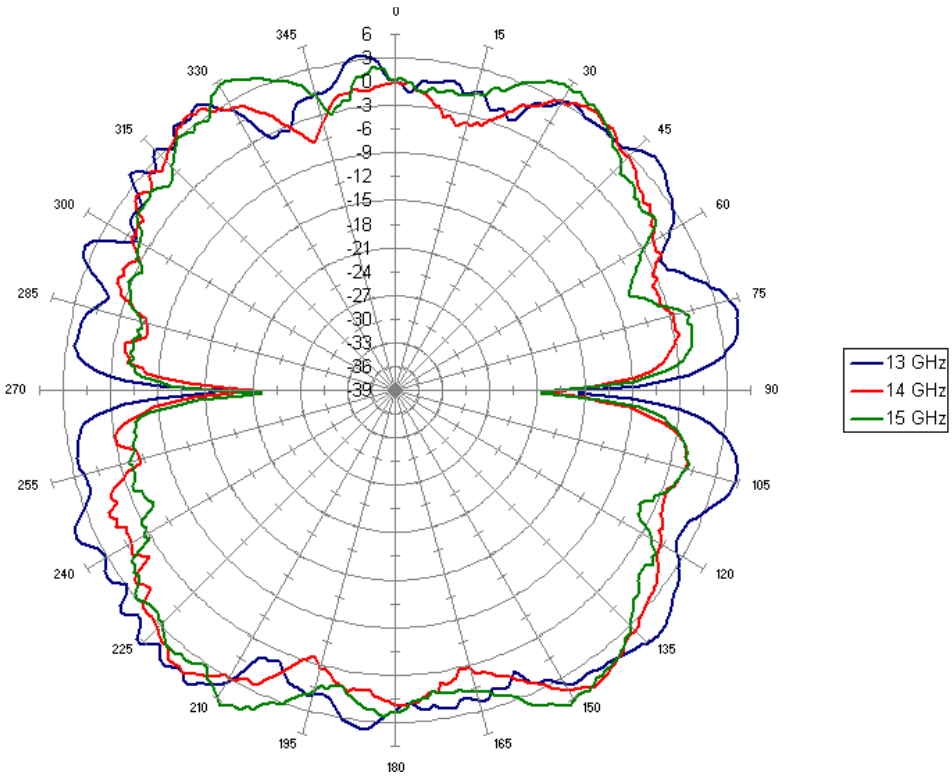
Horizontal
Antenna Beamwidth
Model: SAS-547



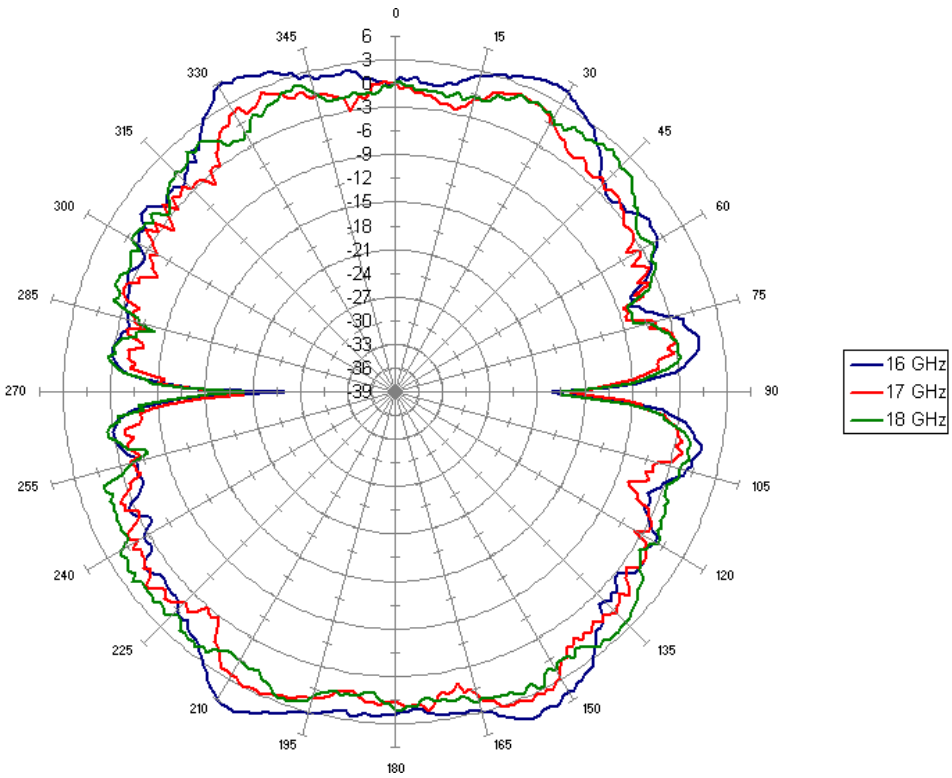
Horizontal
Antenna Beamwidth
Model: SAS-547



Horizontal
Antenna Beamwidth
Model: SAS-547



Horizontal
Antenna Beamwidth
Model: SAS-547



REV B

CALCULATIONS

EMISSIONS TESTING

Individual calibration data for the log periodic antenna is supplied at appropriate distances (3, and 10 meter) to comply with various emissions test requirements. For emissions measurements, add antenna factor plus cable loss to receiver reading in dBμV to convert to field strength in dBμV/meter.

Field Strength(dBuV/m) = SA(dBuV) + AF(dB/m) + cable loss (dB)

SA = Spectrum Analyzer or Receiver voltage reading

AF = Antenna Correction Factor

CL = Cable Loss in dB

IMMUNITY TESTING

For Immunity measurements, the generated electric field strength can be calculated by:

FS = Approximate Field Strength in (V/m)

$$FS\ (V/m) = \frac{\sqrt{30Pg}}{d}$$

P = Power in watts
g = Numeric Gain
d = Distance in meters

TYPICAL CONVERSION FORMULAS

LOG -> LINEAR VOLTAGE

dBμV to Volts	$V = 10^{((dB\mu V - 120) / 20)}$
Volts to dBμV	$dB\mu V = 20 \log(V) + 120$
dBV to Volts	$V = 10^{(dBV / 20)}$
Volts to dBV	$dBV = 20\log(V)$
dBV to dBμV	$dB\mu V = dBV + 120$
dBμV to dBV	$dBV = dB\mu V - 120$

LOG -> LINEAR CURRENT

dBμA to uA	$\mu A = 10^{(dB\mu A / 20)}$
μA to dBμA	$dB\mu A = 20 \log(\mu A)$
dBA to A	$A = 10^{(dBA / 20)}$
A to dBA	$dBA = 20\log(A)$
dBA to dBμA	$dB\mu A = dBA + 120$
dBμA to dBA	$dBA = dB\mu A - 120$

LOG -> LINEAR POWER

dBm to Watts	$W = 10^{((dBm - 30)/10)}$
Watts to dBm	$dBm = 10\log(W) + 30$
dBW to Watts	$W = 10^{(dBW / 10)}$
Watts to dBW	$dBW = 10\log(W)$
dBW to dBm	$dBm = dBW + 30$
dBm to dBW	$dBW = dBm - 30$

TERM CONVERSIONS

dBm to dBμV	$dB\mu V = dBm + 107$ (50Ω) *$dB\mu V = dBm + 10\log(Z) + 90$*
dBμV to dBm	$dBm = dB\mu V - 107$ (50Ω) *$dBm = dB\mu V - 10\log(Z) - 90$*
dBm to dBμA	$dB\mu A = dBm - 73$ (50Ω) *$dB\mu A = dBm - 10\log(Z) + 90$*
dBμA to dBm	$dBm = dB\mu A + 73$ (50Ω) *$dBm = dB\mu A + 10\log(Z) - 90$*
dBμA to dBμV	$dB\mu V = dB\mu A + 34$ (50Ω) *$dB\mu V = dB\mu A + 20\log(Z)$*
dBμV to dBμA	$dB\mu A = dB\mu V - 34$ (50Ω) *$dB\mu A = dB\mu V - 20\log(Z)$*

FIELD STRENGTH & POWER DENSITY

dBμV/m to V/m	$V/m = 10 (((dB\mu V/m) -120) / 20)$
V/m to dBμV/m	$dB\mu V/m = 20 \log(V/m) + 120$
dBμV/m to dBmW/m²	$dBmW/m^2 = dB\mu V/m - 115.8$
dBmW/m² to dBμV/m	$dB\mu V/m = dBmW/m^2 + 115.8$
dBμV/m to dBμA/m	$dB\mu A/m = dB\mu V/m - 51.5$
dBμA/m to dBμV/m	$dB\mu V/m = dB\mu A + 51.5$
dBμA/m to dBpT	$DBpT = dB\mu A/m + 2$
dBpT to dBμA/m	$dB\mu A/m = dBpT - 2$
W/m² to V/m	$V/m = SQRT(W/m^2 * 377)$
V/m to W/m²	$W/m^2 = (V/m)^2 / 377$
μT to A/m	$A/m = \mu T / 1.25$
A/m to μT	$\mu T = 1.25 * A/m$

E-FIELD ANTENNAS

Correction Factor	$dB\mu V/m = dB\mu V + AF$
Field Strength	$V/m = \sqrt{\frac{30 * watts * Gain_{numeric}}{meters}}$
Required Power	$Watts = \frac{(V/m * meters)^2}{30 * Gain_{numeric}}$

LOOP ANTENNAS

Correction Factors	$dB\mu A/m = dB\mu V + AF$
Assumed E-field for shielded loops	$dB\mu V/m = dB\mu A/m + 51.5$
	$dBpT = dB\mu V + dBpT/\mu V$

CURRENT PROBES

Correction Factor	$dB\mu A = dB\mu V - dB_{(ohm)}$

Power needed for injection probe given voltage(V) into 50Ω load and Probe Insertion Loss (I_L)

$$Watts = 10^{((I_L + 10\log(V^2/50))/10)}$$

MAINTENANCE

MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

Proper antenna maintenance should include:

- Visual inspection of RF connectors
- Check for bent and loose elements
- Check for loose or missing hardware
- Corrosion near the element joints

At least once a month it is a good idea to wipe down the antenna with a damp rag.

ANNUAL CALIBRATION

To ensure reliable and repeatable long-term performance, annual re-calibration of your antennas, preamplifiers and current probes by A.H. Systems experienced technicians is recommended. Our staff can calibrate almost any type or brand of antenna.

It is always up to the user to determine the appropriate interval for calibration certification based on the requirements of the end users specific test/application. The calibration of EMC antennas is important for those conforming to compatibility standard. Radiated emissions testing for electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) requires the measurement of electric field (E-field) strength, which is compared with a limit level. The output voltage of an antenna is converted to E-field strength via its antenna factor, the measurement of which must include the uncertainty components related to that particular antenna, taking into consideration the environment in which the antenna is to be used for the testing. Most standards will specify the appropriate interval for re-calibration of your EMC antenna.

In some cases these antennas are used for a manufacturers pre-compliance testing, field monitoring, surveillance and/or other applications where the exact field intensity of the received signal is not of importance. For those customers a yearly re-calibration is not necessary, however it is recommended that an interval for maintenance be performed.

For more information about our calibration services or to place an order for antenna calibration visit our website at http://www.AHSystems.com
or call 1(818) 998-0223.

WARRANTY INFORMATION

A.H. Systems Inc., warrants that our Antennas, Sensors and Probes will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of three (3) years. All other products delivered under contract will be warranted for a period of two (2) years. Damage caused by excessive signals at the product's input is not covered under the warranty. A.H. Systems' obligation under this warranty shall be limited to repairing or replacing, F.O.B. Chatsworth, California, each part of the product which is defective, provided that the buyer gives A.H. Systems notice of such defect within the warranty period commencing with the delivery of the product by A.H. Systems.

The remedy set forth herein shall be the only remedy available to the buyer, and in no event shall A.H. Systems be liable for direct, indirect, incidental or consequential damages.

This warranty shall not apply to any part of the product which, without fault of A.H. Systems has been subject to alteration, failure caused by a part not supplied by A.H. Systems, accident, fire or other casualty, negligence, misuse or normal wear of materials.

Except for the warranty set forth above, there are no other warranties, expressed or implied, with respect to the condition of the product or it's suitability for the use intended for them by the buyer.

For prompt service, please contact our service department for a Return Material Authorization Number before shipping equipment back to us.